Paul Uses the Law with Felix Acts 24:1-27

Acts 24:1 Ananias along with Sadducees...on attack against Paul.

Orator: a *speaker*, forensic, lawyer, teacher of rhetoric.

Informed: brought an <u>indictment</u> or an accusation

1. Exordium (vv 2-4). Praise your audience

2. Charge (vv 5-6)

1st: Sedition

2nd: Sectarianism

3rd: <u>Desecration</u> of the temple

3. Conclusion (vv 7-9)

Acts 24:10-11 *Then Paul...*I was only in Jerusalem as a <u>visitor</u> and there to worship (point: so, how can they accuse me of sacrilege?).

Acts 24:12-13 I wasn't in Jerusalem <u>long</u> enough to plan and execute the type of sedition Tertullus and these men are accusing me of.

Acts 24:14-15 Paul knows that if he presents this Historic Jewish belief to Felix before these men who want to be perceived as representatives of Jewish belief and they <u>erupt</u> ...Felix's eyes opened.

Acts 24:16 *And herein do I exercise myself,* ... Last time Paul made a statement like this the high priest had his mouth bloodied.

Acts 24:17 I came to Jerusalem to bring money and <u>relief</u> to my people.

Acts 24:18 Whereupon certain Jews from Asia found me ...

The Asiatic Jews found me ... I wasn't there with tumult (uproar, disturbance). I was peacefully worshipping God in the temple.

Acts 24:19 Roman law strong against accusers who <u>abandoned</u> their charges

My accusers not here. Wonder why!

Acts 24:20-21 The resurrection of the <u>dead</u> is bottom line of why I am standing in front of you

Belief in resurrection <u>not</u> a criminal offense ...this is a doctrinal and theological issue.

Acts 24:22 He deferred them: put them off. Adjourned the hearing.

Acts 24:23-24 ... concerning the faith in Christ. Whole embodiment of Christian truth

Acts 24:25 *Reasoned:* say thoroughly, speak, <u>reason</u>

Righteousness: requirements of justice and right actions before a holy God.

Temperance: chastity, self-government, self-control, restraint, abstinence from ungodly

things, moderation in appetites, passions, and motives and desires in general.

Judgment to come: Time of <u>accountability</u> before a holy God. Paul preached law to Felix and Drusilla. The law condemns. Gal 3:24

Important aspects of law: Rom 7:7-13

- 1. Puts on display and exposes sin.
- 2. Stirs up sin
- 3. Puts sinner to death
- 4. Manifests <u>sinfulness</u> of sin

Acts 24:25 ... Felix trembled: afraid, terrified, frightened.

Convenient season Kairos — epoch of time. Window of time. <u>Opportunity</u>.

Never put off making a decision concerning the known will of God. Heb. 3:7-8

Acts 24:26 He hoped also that money should have been given him of Paul, ...

Felix had idea that Paul had access to great sums of money

He sent for him the oftener — more vigorously, more <u>frequently</u>.

And communed with him – conversed with him. Spent <u>time</u> with him.

Acts 24:27 But after two years Porcius Festus came into Felix' room: Took over as governor.

Mac: Felix stands for all time as a tragic example of <u>missed</u> opportunity. ...

Left Paul bound – Left him in custody to charge of his successor.

So What?

Approach in giving gospel—don't shy away from using the law..

Conviction of the Holy Spirit – window of opportunity... <u>obey!</u>